S. 1509

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Captive Primate Safety Act of 2005".

SEC. 2. ADDITION OF NON-HUMAN PRIMATES TO THE DEFINITION OF PROHIBITED WILDLIFE SPECIES.

Section 2(g) of the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 (16 U.S.C. 3371(g)) is amended by inserting "or any non-human primate" before the period at the end.

ED FOUNTAIN PARK EXPANSION ACT

The bill (S. 2041) to provide for the conveyance of a United States Fish and Wildlife Service administrative site to the city of Las Vegas, Nevada, was considered, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 2041

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Ed Fountain Park Expansion Act".

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

- (1) ADMINISTRATIVE SITE.—The term "administrative site" means the parcel of real property identified as "Lands to be Conveyed to the City of Las Vegas; approximately, 7.89 acres" on the map entitled "Ed Fountain Park Expansion" and dated November 1, 2005
- (2) CITY.—The term "City" means the city of Las Vegas, Nevada.
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.

SEC. 3. CONVEYANCE OF UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE ADMINIS-TRATIVE SITE, LAS VEGAS, NEVADA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall convey to the City, without consideration, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the administrative site for use by the City—
 - (1) as a park; or
- (2) for any other recreation or nonprofit-related purpose.
- (b) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—As a condition of the conveyance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall require that the City pay the administrative costs of the conveyance, including survey costs and any other costs associated with the conveyance.
- (c) Reversionary Interest.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines that the City is not using the administrative site for a purpose described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a), all right, title, and interest of the City in and to the administrative site (including any improvements to the administrative site) shall revert, at the option of the Secretary, to the United States.
- (2) HEARING.—Any determination of the Secretary with respect to a reversion under paragraph (1) shall be made—
 - (A) on the record; and
 - (B) after an opportunity for a hearing.

GREAT LAKES FISH AND WILD-LIFE RESTORATION ACT OF 2006

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 2430) to amend the Great Lakes

Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act of 1990 to provide for implementation of recommendations of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service contained in the Great Lakes Fishery Resources Restoration Study, which had been reported from the Committee on Environment and Public Works, with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act of 2006".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

- (1) the Great Lakes have fish and wildlife communities that are structurally and functionally changing:
- (2) successful fish and wildlife management focuses on the lakes as ecosystems, and effective management requires the coordination and integration of efforts of many partners;
- (3) it is in the national interest to undertake activities in the Great Lakes Basin that support sustainable fish and wildlife resources of common concern provided under the recommendations of the Great Lakes Regional Collaboration authorized under Executive Order 13340 (69 Fed. Reg. 29043; relating to the Great Lakes Interagency Task Force);
- (4) additional actions and better coordination are needed to protect and effectively manage the fish and wildlife resources, and the habitats upon which the resources depend, in the Great Lakes Basin:
- (5) as of the date of enactment of this Act, actions are not funded that are considered essential to meet the goals and objectives in managing the fish and wildlife resources, and the habitats upon which the resources depend, in the Great Lakes Basin; and
- (6) the Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act (16 U.S.C. 941 et seq.) allows Federal agencies, States, and tribes to work in an effective partnership by providing the funding for restoration work.

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

Section 1004 of the Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 941b) is amended—

- (1) by striking paragraphs (1), (4), and (12);
- (2) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (13), and (14) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (9), (10), (11), and (12), respectively;
- (3) in paragraph (4) (as redesignated by paragraph (2)), by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: ", and that has Great Lakes fish and wildlife management authority in the Great Lakes Basin"; and
- (4) by inserting after paragraph (7) (as redesignated by paragraph (2)) the following:
- "(8) the term 'regional project' means authorized activities of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service related to fish and wildlife resource protection, restoration, maintenance, and enhancement impacting multiple States or Indian Tribes with fish and wildlife management authority in the Great Lakes basin:"

SEC. 4. IDENTIFICATION, REVIEW, AND IMPLE-MENTATION OF PROPOSALS.

Section 1005 of the Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 941c) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 1005. IDENTIFICATION, REVIEW, AND IM-PLEMENTATION OF PROPOSALS AND REGIONAL PROJECTS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b)(2), the Director—
- "(1) shall encourage the development and, subject to the availability of appropriations, the implementation of fish and wildlife restoration proposals and regional projects based on the results of the Report; and

- "(2) in cooperation with the State Directors and Indian Tribes, shall identify, develop, and, subject to the availability of appropriations, implement regional projects in the Great Lakes Basin to be administered by Director in accordance with this section.
- "(b) IDENTIFICATION OF PROPOSALS AND REGIONAL PROJECTS.—
- "(1) REQUEST BY THE DIRECTOR.—The Director shall annually request that State Directors and Indian Tribes, in cooperation or partnership with other interested entities and in accordance with subsection (a), submit proposals or regional projects for the restoration of fish and wildlife resources.
- "(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR PROPOSALS AND RE-GIONAL PROJECTS.—A proposal or regional project under paragraph (1) shall be—
- "(A) submitted in the manner and form prescribed by the Director; and
 - "(B) consistent with—
- "(i) the goals of the Great Lakes Water Quality Agreement, as amended;
- "(ii) the 1954 Great Lakes Fisheries Convention:
- "(iii) the 1980 Joint Strategic Plan for Management of Great Lakes Fisheries, as revised in 1997, and Fish Community Objectives for each Great Lake and connecting water as established under the Joint Strategic Plan;
- "(iv) the Nonindigenous Aquatic Nuisance Prevention and Control Act of 1990 (16 U.S.C. 4701 et seq.);
- "(v) the North American Waterfowl Management Plan and joint ventures established under the plan; and
- "(vi) the strategies outlined through the Great Lakes Regional Collaboration authorized under Executive Order 13340 (69 Fed. Reg. 29043; relating to the Great Lakes Interagency Task Force).
- "(3) SEA LAMPREY AUTHORITY.—The Great Lakes Fishery Commission shall retain authority and responsibility to formulate and implement a comprehensive program to eradicate or minimize sea lamprey populations in the Great Lakes Basin.
 - "(c) REVIEW OF PROPOSALS.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMITTEE.—There is established the Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Proposal Review Committee, which shall operate under the guidance of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
 - "(2) MEMBERSHIP AND APPOINTMENT.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Committee shall consist of 2 representatives of each of the State Directors and Indian Tribes, of whom—
- "(i) 1 representative shall be the individual appointed by the State Director or Indian Tribe to the Council of Lake Committees of the Great Lakes Fishery Commission; and
- "(ii) 1 representative shall have expertise in wildlife management.
- "(B) APPOINTMENTS.—Each representative shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing State Director or Tribal Chair.
- "(C) OBSERVER.—The Great Lakes Coordinator of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service shall participate as an observer of the Committee.
- "(D) RECUSAL.—A member of the Committee shall recuse himself or herself from consideration of proposals that the member, or the entity that the member represents, has submitted.
 - "(3) FUNCTIONS.—The Committee shall—
 - "(A) meet at least annually;
- "(B) review proposals and special projects developed in accordance with subsection (b) to assess the effectiveness and appropriateness of the proposals and special projects in fulfilling the purposes of this title; and
- "(C) recommend to the Director any of those proposals and special projects that should be funded and implemented under this section.
- "(d) IMPLEMENTATION OF PROPOSALS AND REGIONAL PROJECTS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—After considering recommendations of the Committee and the goals specified in section 1006, the Director shall—